

THE RICHMOND TERMINAL WAS ESTABLISHED IN 1903, AND IS THE LEGAL COUNTY AND CITY NEWSPAPER. RICHMOND'S NEWS SUMMARIZED.

The Terminal is the oldest newspaper in Richmond and has the confidence and support of pioneers

RICHMOND TERMINAL

The Terminal boosts and advertises Richmond, directly increasing your property values.

VOL. XI

RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1914

NO. 40

APPALING SLAUGHTER IN BATTLES NOW RAGING ON EUROPE'S FIELD OF ACTION

The losses of the few days last on both sides, it is stated in Tuesday's dispatches, exceed all other engagements of the war. Stories have come from Belgium that the Germans, unable to bury their dead on the field, have shipped them behind the army by trainloads in order to avoid epidemics.

While the battle of the allies and the Germans continues along the entire front of France, there has been relatively no change in the positions of the armies. The hardest fighting apparently is proceeding on the eastern and western ends of the lines, the allies on the west endeavoring to encircle the Germans, and on the east the Germans trying to break through the allies' line in the vicinity of Verdun. In the center a lull in the warfare is reported.

A news agency dispatch reports severe fighting south of Antwerp and says that a force of 2000 Germans has been routed with heavy losses by Belgians at some unnamed place.

The Russian advance guard is said to be before the Austrian fortress of Cracow.

In the Far East a British force of 1200 men has landed at Laoshan, China, and is expected shortly to attack the outer defenses of Tsing-Tau in conjunction with the Japanese.

It is reported that the Montenegro have captured Montak, which controls the only railroad in Southern Herzegovina.

A Franco-British blockading fleet is said to have isolated the Austrian seaport of Cattaro and to be bombarding the town, assisted by big guns from Mount Lovchen.

The German cruiser Emden, which recently sank a number of British merchantmen off the coast of India, has thrown shells into Madras. Slight damages is said to have resulted.

A German official report says the war loan has been heavily oversubscribed.

WOULD INCREASE BIRTH RATE TO OFFSET DEATHS IN WAR

London.—Quick to realize, as did Germany, the necessity of a high birth rate to offset the deaths due to the war, a movement has been started in England to reduce the marriage fees and to encourage soldiers and sailors to take wives before leaving for the front. The Archbishop of Canterbury has addressed an open letter on the subject to a London paper. In Germany a similar movement was inaugurated some time ago.

Japs Win Battle in China

Tokio.—It was officially announced Monday that the Japanese had defeated the Germans in a stubborn battle lasting 14 hours on the outskirts of Tsing Tau, seat of the government German-leased possession of Kiao-Chow, China.

CAPWELL'S, Clay, Fourteenth and Fifteenth, OAKLAND

WE HAVE WON THE DAY WITH THESE SPLENDID

COATS

FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

A COLLECTION OF STYLES OF WHICH WE ARE UNMEASUREABLY PROUD

and which must be gratifying to you because of so much style combined with such a little price. They are reproductions and adaptations that rival the models which inspired them.

At \$12.50—English Top Coats that are smart in appearance and completely waterproof. In loose flare bottom styles that can be easily slipped over the dress or waist.

At \$32.50—Very fashionable Coats of bayadere, broadcloth, plush and persiana. Some in the new cape effects and some effectively trimmed with braid, plush and fancy buttons and some with fur collars.

At \$19.75—Reproductions of foreign models in pile fabrics, persiana, broadtail, serge and mixtures.

We are agents for the famous Printzess coats, many of which may be bought at this price.

Miss Nesbit, private teacher, who resides at 621 Bissell avenue, is becoming a popular instructor, and her services are sought for in various parts of the city. She has been called upon by Stege residents to teach there, and so enthusiastic are her pupils that they come to her residence for instruction, traveling several miles.

On our right wing there has been no change of importance.

"In the region of Nancy and in the Vosges certain detachments of the enemy have again attempted to enter upon French soil, driving back light covering bodies of our troops, but their offensive was soon stopped." Galicia the Russians, having taken possession of Jaroslav, are continuing their offensive movement on Cracow."

CITY BRIEFS

Richmond's 2700 club is to reorganize.

Calvary Baptist ladies will hold an election dinner November 3.

Register now for the November 3 general election. Only a few more days.

The board of supervisors of Marin county fixed the county tax rate at \$1.45.

Mrs. Nan McClellan of San Diego was the guest of Mrs. C. F. Donnelly last week.

Little Clifford Hottinger was taken to the children's hospital, San Francisco, Sunday.

The Standard Oil Co. is putting on more men to complete their tank farms near Bakersfield.

Rosine M. Paulsen, 93, died at the Kerby hotel Tuesday night. She was Richmond's oldest resident.

J. W. Rose of Modesto gave an interesting lecture Monday evening at Seventh and Macdonald on the grape industry.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. McCausland of San Pablo were given a surprise party by the ladies of the G. A. R. Saturday night.

Rev. Chas. A. Young, for several months acting pastor of the First Christian church, preached his farewell sermon Sunday night.

Burke, the hardware man, is doing a good business in his line. He is popular among the working classes, and is a good mechanic himself.

The annual institute of the teachers of Contra Costa county schools will be held in the auditorium of Lincoln grammar school October 19-22.

Richmond socialists will entertain a whist party at Polytechnic hall, Fourth and Macdonald, Tuesday evening, October 6. Tickets are 25 cents.

M. C. Fulton, nine years a resident of Richmond, accompanied by his family, have moved to Petaluma, where they will engage in the poultry business.

Copies of the new city directors are being delivered. The directory gives the increase in population for the past year at 2000, or a total of 20,538 persons.

At last the traction company is laying the asphaltum between the rails in the business portion of the city. This is one on Berkeley, who is still waiting at the church."

Bert Curry has a parlor for "jak cure"—according to the experience related by a belated stranger who mistook Bert's undertaking establishment for a sleeping place.

The schedule of wages for city employees was not changed by the city council Monday night, except the salary of poundmaster, which was increased to \$60 per month.

The lease on the present city hall expired October 1. City officials have not decided upon future quarters for the city, but it is thought the present city hall will be secured for an indefinite period.

Thurston Stark is \$20 richer as the result of flagging a train and preventing a possible serious accident on the Santa Fe line. The Santa Fe people presented him the score piece of change and also complimented him upon his presence of mind.

Mrs. Jennie L. Haines and her minor son were awarded \$15,000 damages by the jury Friday. Mrs. Haines had sued for \$50,000. Her husband was killed in an accident said to be due to the negligence of the San Francisco-Oakland Terminal railways.

The John Nicholl well, originally drilled for gas, is a producer of 500,000 gallons of pure crystal water a day. The well is about 1000 feet in depth, and out of range of salt water. Nicholl has a water system of his own when he feels inclined to promote it.

The city council will reconsider the request for remodeling the Vim theater at next Monday night's meeting.

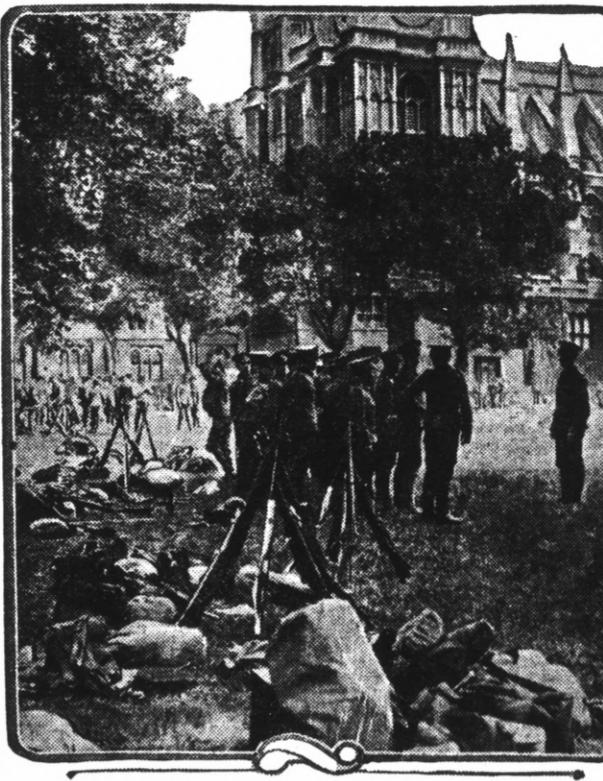
Fire Chief Roy Le Moine has mailed copies of the ordinance to many residents who are violating the law in regard to the rank growth of their property.

Next Thursday is newspaper day. Send a Terminal east to your friends. Fullman avenue has a few crooks and narrow places, but the Richmond Improvement Co. is putting down some good paving, and the job will be a credit to that part of the city. Messrs. Wall and Distle are giving the work personal attention.

Miss Nesbit, private teacher, who resides at 621 Bissell avenue, is becoming a popular instructor, and her services are sought for in various parts of the city. She has been called upon by Stege residents to teach there, and so enthusiastic are her pupils that they come to her residence for instruction, traveling several miles.

English and Japanese troops jointly will attack the German possessions in the Chinese Empire.

DEANS' YARD A MILITARY CAMP



The famous Deans' yard of Westminster abbey utilized as a camp for the troops arriving in London on their way to the continent.

WEEK'S FIERCE FIGHTING MAKES LITTLE CHANGE

French Claim 'Marked Progress,' Germans Say They 'Advance'

London.—Along almost two-thirds of the great battle line across north-eastern France the armies of the allies and Germany fought fiercely all last week, at some points with the bayonet, and statements from both sides are worded with the optimism which characterized all these official pronouncements. It was agreed that the allies had continued their advance.

The French claimed "marked progress," the German announcement from Berlin, though insisting that the advance had been repulsed, nevertheless referred to it as an advance.

Elsewhere along the battle front neither side seems to have achieved any notable success.

The continued forward movement of the Russian troops in Galicia; the appearance of German air craft dropping bombs over various places in Belgium, and again in Paris and Warsaw, and the movement of vast bodies of German troops into Russia by way of East Prussia, were chiefly significant in a summary of the events in both theaters of war.

Of the German bombs thrown, none seems to have done extensive damage. One man is reported to have been killed in Belgium and one in Paris. The explosives in Paris, however, fell near the quarter occupied by many Americans.

There is an unconfirmed report that an attack on Antwerp is impending.

FRENCH OCCUPY AND RETAIN PERRONNE

The following official announcement was made:

"First, on our left wing, between the River Somme and the River Oise, our troops have advanced in the direction of Roys. A detachment occupied Perronne and held this position in spite of a spirited attack on the part of the enemy.

Between the River Oise and the River Aisne the enemy continues to maintain important bodies of troops, well entrenched. We have made a slight advance to the northwest of Berry-au-Bac.

"Second, on the center, between Rheims and the Argonne district, the situation shows no change. To the east of the Argonne and on the heights of the Meuse, the enemy has continued his attacks, delivering them with especial violence. The fighting continues, accompanied by alternate retirements at certain points and advances at others.

"On our right wing there has been no change of importance.

"In the region of Nancy and in the Vosges certain detachments of the enemy have again attempted to enter upon French soil, driving back light covering bodies of our troops, but their offensive was soon stopped." Galicia the Russians, having taken possession of Jaroslav, are continuing their offensive movement on Cracow."

PERSONALS

Ex-Mayor Davis of Oakland was a Richmond visitor yesterday.

City Tax Collector I. E. Marshall is off on a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Green and son, Robert, are visiting relatives in Merced.

Joseph Langley, manager of the Richmond theater, has been transferred to Sacramento.

Dr. Warren B. Brown has been confined to his home for several days on account of an ulcerated tooth.

Miss Octavia Norton, bookkeeper for the Independent, returned from a vacation in southern California Monday.

Wesley J. Baker, Oakland contractor, spent Wednesday in Richmond looking after his property interests.

Councilman Joseph Willis, who has been confined at the Merritt hospital, Oakland, is home again and fully recovered.

Mrs. F. D. Bryant and her sister-in-law, Miss Marjorie Bryant, are home from an extended visit to relatives in Omaha, Neb.

H. W. Hunt of the local Santa Fe force, has been transferred to San Bernardino, to take the position of traveling bonus inspector.

C. M. Belshaw of Antioch, candidate for governor at the recent primary election, left last week for an extended visit in the middle west.

E. Pinger is one of the most active members of the builders' exchange of Richmond received by City Clerk Nickerson in regard to the reduction of street car fares from Richmond to Oakland, was read at Monday night's trustees' meeting. The letter stated that the Richmond organization would take action Thursday night.

ALBANY NOTES

The Maccabees give a prize whist party October 7.

"Red," the barber, does a good business on the Alameda county side of the line.

The Albany band is proving a live advertising medium for the town. The boys are making fine progress.

A weed cleaning bee will operate in the principal streets of Albany Sunday. Thistles and tarweed must go.

Chris Miller did a large business on Sacramento river water election day. Chris is on the Alameda county side of the line.

Albany is to have a movie theater. It is said it will be located at the corner of Washington and Talbot, where a brick building with several storerooms will soon be located.

The town trustees are standing pat in their decision in revoking the saloon license of Baker, who operates on San Pablo avenue near Gill's nursery. Baker must quit business in Albany on account of his carelessness in regard to minors.

Rev. Wilmer E. Coffman, for three years pastor of Albany M. E. church, has been called to Benicia. He is succeeded as pastor of the Albany church by Dr. A. J. Hanson of the East Bay cities church extension society.

A communication from secretary of the merchants' exchange of Richmond received by City Clerk Nickerson in regard to the reduction of street car fares from Richmond to Oakland, was read at Monday night's trustees' meeting.

George Riggs has not been seen since the water bond election. It is said that Riggs did some active work on that day for Sacramento river water-

Virginia Goes "Dry"

Richmond, Va.—Complete returns from the State-wide prohibition election show that the voters have placed Virginia in the "dry" column by a majority of 32,835.

LOOK!

Special
for
You
\$19.75

One of the dozens of handsome models now displayed. Many new models are shown with Coats of varied lengths, some with capes, giving a striking military effect.

SPECIAL

Saturday Special at

\$19.75

AND

CREDIT

Also all the latest ideas in styles and materials in

Coats

AT **\$10** UP

Special in Millinery Department:
The new soft Turbines and Sailor for . . . **\$5**

Waists • • Furs

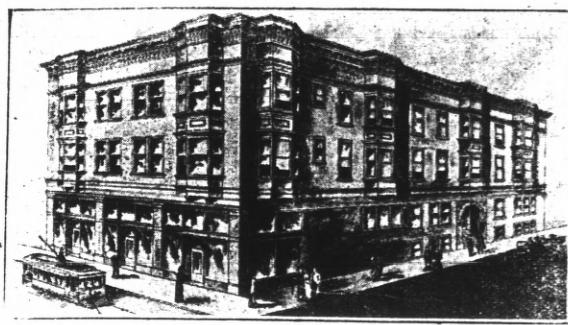
EASTERN OUTFITTING CO.

581 Fourteenth St., cor. Jefferson
OAKLAND

H.C. Capwell Co.
THE LACE HOUSE
OAKLAND.

Washington—Lincoln Beachy, in an aeroplane, looped the loop four times Monday over the dome of the capitol while President Wilson watched the performance from a White House window. Beachy finished the performance by turning two loops over the White House and flying low over the business section of the city.

Interned Mexicans Released
San Francisco.—Orders were received at headquarters of the Western Department releasing all of the Mexican prisoners held by United States troops at various points along the Southern border. Each prisoner will be given transportation to Mexico



RICHMOND'S FUTURE BUSINESS CENTER

The third largest building in Richmond is now completed at Twenty-third and Macdonald.

Get busy and buy business property now before prices soar. You can't lose in Richmond. Easy terms.

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23d and Macdonald, Richmond 660 Market st., San Francisco

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COFFEE PARLOR and CONFECTIONERY

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417 Macdonald Avenue
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Bread twice a day.
Free delivery.

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Take the
TRANSCONTINENTAL SCENICWAY
Western Pacific
Denver & Rio Grande
TWO FINE TRAINS DAILY
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OMAHA, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY and CHICAGO
via
SALT LAKE CITY, DENVER and PUEBLO
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MISSOURI PACIFIC
BURLINGTON ROUTE
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Telephone Oakland 132

3 Sanitary Meat Markets 3

Ludwig has built up a reputation in Richmond for his sanitary markets. These markets are newly built, modern and clean. "Quality, cleanliness and reasonable prices." There are three of them as follows:

Richmond Market, Phone 23 No. 512 Macdonald Avenue
Central Market, Phone 446 No. 1122 Macdonald Avenue
Union Market, Phone 88 Macdonald Ave. and 22d Street

TILDEN & EAKLE
DEALERS IN
LUMBER AND ITS PRODUCTS
Planing Mill in Connection
YARDS BETWEEN SOUTHERN PACIFIC and SANTA FE DEPOTS.
TELEPHONE RICHMOND 81

Women Appreciate Clean ELECTRIC LIGHTING

It will surprise you to know how reasonably you can equip your home for electric lighting.

The cost is a sound dividend paying investment—not an expense.

Our representative will visit you, plan the installation and make cost estimates without charge.

The work can be done quickly and without tearing up your home.

Western States Gas and Electric Company.
617 Macdonald Ave.
Richmond, California

REFUSED BIG OFFER

Robert Hilliard Not to Appear in Motion Pictures.

Actor Put Honeymoon Before Opportunity to Add a Comfortable Sum to His Bank Account—As to Admission Prices.

It isn't every actor who is financially able to refuse signing a contract calling for his appearance before the camera, at a salary to be named by himself, relates Popular Mechanics.

But this was the recent experience of Robert Hilliard, the well-known star of "The Argyle Case."

Director Ince asked Hilliard whether he would consider "The Argyle Case" and "A Fool There Was" before the camera. Any other actor in the world would have jumped at the opportunity—but not so with our friend Hilliard. He explained to Director Ince that he had been married, but three weeks previous in Denver, and was anxious to join his wife for a real honeymoon. Otherwise, he explained, the engagement would have been gladly accepted, for the work greatly appealed to Hilliard, while the remuneration, of course, was beyond reproach.

Price of Moving Pictures.

In Europe moving picture theaters are charging as much as \$1.50 a seat and it is predicted that the price of admission to the better class of American moving picture shows will be increased. It is to be hoped there will be no attempt to establish European prices here. While it is true that moving picture audiences are constantly demanding more elaborate productions, the initial cost of the picture play is also the final cost. There are no actors' salaries to pay and no continuing expenditures.

The great benefit of the moving picture entertainment has been its universal appeal—an appeal that has not been measured by the wealth or poverty of its patrons. It would be a calamity if the time should ever come when high class moving picture entertainments would be beyond the financial means of the humblest of our citizens.

What Spain Enjoys.

Moving pictures are popular in Madrid, but it is interesting to read in a current report that the films in favor are those made up from historical novels and American war, cowboy, detective and intrigue films. The only American film in great favor are those showing western scenes, with cowboys and particularly Indians. The Spanish children are extremely fond of educational films, but they want thrilling, the more thrilling the better. That may be because bull fighting is the national pastime of Spain, and the Indian warfare and cowboy scenes come next to bull fighting.

Ethel Barrymore a Convert.
Only a few years ago there were numerous legitimate players who failed to realize that an occasional appearance in films was a good test of their versatility, and, incidentally, a good form of advertisement. Now nearly all of them have become wiser. One of the most recent converts is Ethel Barrymore, who has forgotten her conservative spirit and will shortly appear in a film version of one of her recent stage successes. The title of the play selected has not yet been announced. Augustus Thomas will direct the production.

Actress Has Right Idea.

Mariam Leonard, one of the few actresses to own her own studio and have her special company, is now starting to make pictures along rather original lines. In the first place, each picture will be long enough for an entertainment, but, more important than that, the picture will not be, as is now the case with all others, of an arbitrary length. Every play or story will be presented for what it is worth. This will do away with the pruning and padding which hurt so many pictures.

Didn't Know Shakespeare.

Little Raymond Hackett, now playing in the "movies," who played the long and difficult role of David in "The Awakening of Helena Ritchie," was sitting on Margaret Anglin's lap. "What do you know about Shakespeare, Raymond?" Miss Anglin asked.

Raymond thought a minute. "I don't know nuthin' bout Shakespeare-beer," he said slowly, "but I have drunk root beer."

Traveled Far for Scene.

Richard Tucker traveled from Florida to New York for one scene, which required a large studio. The scene has not yet been taken, as a fire at the plant took place only a few hours after his arrival.

POPULAR CHILD ACTRESS



Child actors are frequently very much spoiled. "Baby" Lillian Wade seems to be an attractive exception.

DESTINED FOR HIGH PLACE

Webster Campbell Already One of the Leading Actors of the Photoplays.

Webster Campbell, the good-looking young actor depicted here, takes leads under contract with one of the leading motion picture companies. A graduate of the University of Michigan and a thorough student, Mr. Campbell is one of the best educated actors in motion pictures. Before entering the picture game he obtained considerable experience in the best school of all—stock companies. Possessed of good looks, temperament and ability, Webster Campbell is rising fast in his chosen profession.

Dogs Love the Villain.
That characters in photoplays are sometimes entirely different in real life is exemplified by Carl Stockdale. Mr. Stockdale is usually cast for the role of the villain and when he is an actor there probably is no meanness whatever in the world, and when he is either hanged or shot at the conclusion of the photoplay audience always give a sigh of satisfaction.

Actress Motion Picture "Fan."
Miss Ruth Stonehouse, whose fame as a motion picture actress is world-wide, is herself a "film fan." Miss Stonehouse was talking to some friends the other day, when one of them said:

"I should think that you would get so dead tired of motion pictures that you would hate to pass a theater."

"No, you're wrong," said Miss Stonehouse, "and, in fact, I am probably one of the greatest motion picture fans in the world. There is hardly a night passes that I do not go down to our neighborhood theater and watch the entire bill. Every character in the picture interests me. I watch closely everything they do."

Successful Scenario Writer.

Elaine Sterne, winner of the Evening Sun \$1,000 scenario prize, is a New York girl, and though she has only been writing photoplays barely nine months, she has managed to win for herself a wide success in this field. She was educated in New York, and having always in mind an ambition to write, took up special courses at Columbia in English and English literature. She gained her knowledge of photo-play technique by a close study of the plays as presented on the screen. Writing, she believes, is a "stick-it-to-it" game, in which one must sacrifice much to accomplish anything.

Actor in Convict Garb.

For one of the realistic scenes in "The Toll of Mammon," it was necessary to secure views of convicts at their daily toll. Director Harry Hardworth was fortunate enough to get permission for the use of one of New York's greatest prisons and some very unusual pictures were taken. Gordon de Maine, leading man, was forced to become a convict for the time being, and later laughingly declared that he had made several friends among the inmates.

Part Fits Actor Well.

One of the best parts allotted Howard Crampton, character man, in years is the role he plays in "In All Things Moderation," a two-reel play just finished by Frank Crane and his company. While it is a straight character part, it can be considered the lead. Mr. Crampton is playing the sea captain in the present production being directed by Frank Crane, "On the High Seas."

Now Western Film.

Frank Montgomery is producing a virile Western story, "The Bull Boss of the Bar B," and for a change the Indians do not figure in it. Last week he put on "Match No. 2," another strong, swiftly running western photoplay. Both of these were written by D. F. Whitcomb and both featured Mona Darkfeather, who revels in her new line of parts and the change.

Record in Production.

James Morrison, the popular star, has accomplished a remarkable achievement. He played leading roles in six pictures last month. This is something to be proud of, that's certain. But nothing thus enterprising, ambitious boy actor does can really surpass us. One expects great things from great people.

"Secret Service" in the Films.

William Gillette will soon appear in a film version of "Secret Service." Ever since we observed that the principal piece of furniture in the library of his North Carolina bungalow was a case of ammonia bottles we have been prepared for surprises.

Hard-Working Players.

Ben Wilson and a company of players have sailed for a several weeks' sojourn in Bermuda to take pictures. The stuff the players hand out about how hard they work is sort of hard to swallow, in the face of facts like the above.

"Broncho Billy's" Thriller.

"Broncho Billy" Anderson's last exploit was a leap from a racing pony to a stage coach traveling as fast as its horses could pull it. Jesse James had nothing on "Billy."

Winnifred Greenwood Recovering.

Winnifred Greenwood is now well on the road to complete recovery, following her injury in an accident nearly two weeks ago.

COAST HAPPENINGS TERSELY RELATED

Recent Occurrences in Pacific States Told in Short Items Quickly Perused

Riverside.—Mrs. Jacob Wald, mother of six children, committed suicide by swallowing poison.

San Leandro.—The first of a series of story hours for the children was held in the auditorium of the public library Saturday afternoon.

Raymond, Wash.—The Raymond Trust Company closed its doors here. The reason for the bank having insufficient funds to continue business was not made public.

San Jose.—Central Hall, used as a dining establishment and young men's dormitory on the campus of the College of the Pacific, in the suburbs of San Jose, was completely destroyed by fire.

Oakland.—The Acme Garage, 737 Twenty-sixth street, twelve taxicabs and the Hotel Oakland omnibus, which it held, and a residence next door were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$35,000.

Alameda.—The City Council fixed the tax rate at \$1.28. It was \$1.03 last year. The proposed special levy of 51 cents for street improvements was reduced to 12 cents, and extra pay for park matrons was discontinued.

San Francisco.—Orders came from Washington to Special Prosecutor Theodore Roche to consent to no delays in the hearings of the appeals in the Diggs-Cannetti white slave and the Western Fuel coal fraud cases, but to press both to a speedy conclusion.

Rainier, Or.—Voters of Columbia County recalled County Judge W. A. Harris and Commissioners John Farr and Lewis Fluhler by a majority of 375. Twenty-four hundred voters were cast. County Attorney W. B. Dillard also was recalled and Ben R. Metzke elected in his place.

Oakland.—Emmett Coll, alias Andrew Clark, aged 18, is being held under close guard in the city prison here following his sensational confession that he murdered "Kansas City Kid," a youthful eggman of his gang, in a tankhouse near Livermore nearly two months ago.

San Francisco.—One of the largest army contracts ever secured by Pacific Coast business men was awarded when the War Department bought 8000 tons of hay for the troops in the Philippines from Scott, Magner & Miller, of San Francisco. The contract amounts to about \$150,000.

Benicia.—O. A. King, postmaster, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury on the charge that he "sollicited and induced F. W. Richardson of Sacramento" to purchase stamps of the value of \$1425 in order to increase the emoluments and compensation of his office."

Oakland.—Edwin C. White, for 12 years teller at the Union Savings Bank, Oakland, was killed and two other men were injured seriously when an automobile, in which they were coming home from Berkeley on College avenue, collided with a milk wagon and then crashed into a telephone pole.

San Francisco.—Four carloads of "undesirables" left the immigration station at Angel Island Saturday for New York to be deported. This is the largest number of deportations in California. The reason for so many is that since the European war the Government has not attempted to deport any aliens.

San Francisco.—The Kern River Oil Company filed two suits in the Superior Court recently against the Black Jack Oil Company and the stockholders of that concern to recover a total of \$90,000 royalties on the oil product of a tract of land in Kern county owned by the plaintiff and operated under a sublease by the defendant.

Redding.—The body of O. F. Swenson, a Government timber cruiser from Holedredge, Neb., who has been missing since September 14, when he left Delta late in the afternoon for a two-hours' hunt, was found in the thick brush five miles east of Delta by an Italian sheep herder, whose dog nosed the body out. By the dead man lay his rifle.

San Francisco.—Eureka is in railroad communication with San Francisco. The dream of the late Peter Donahoe, who built the San Francisco & North Pacific, the predecessor of the Northwestern Pacific, was consummated when the final girders of the Calumet Rock bridge over the Eel River were put in place. The Northwestern Pacific has more than 3000 men working on the road. Trains will not be run regularly until December.

*Successful Woman Explorer

Valdez, Alaska.—Miss Dora Keen of Philadelphia, who left August 15 for Harriman and College Fiords, Prince William Sound, with a party of three men, to explore the glaciers of the Fiords and the mountains behind them, sends word that the expedition has been highly successful. The members reached the sources of the Harvard glacier at 6000 feet elevation, sixteen miles from the face of the glacier.

FOR THE THEATRE
Opera Glasses
with a Lorgnette for objects close at hand, and by a near-sighted woman requires, provided her eyes are not subjected to a constant strain. Don't lose the minute details; come here for a Lorgnette as an aid to clearer vision.

F. W. LAUFER

Now at 487 Fourteenth St., between Broadway and Washington, Oakland

The Modern Gas Range
is a household necessity. Once used, always used. Your dealer will be pleased to show you its merits.

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Richmond Agency for Eastman's Goods
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

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A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF ALL CLASSES OF BUILDING MATERIALS

Office and Yard at Southern Pacific Depot
HOME RICHMOND 49 F. E. ADAMS, Richmond

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RICHMOND, CAL.

BANK OF RICHMOND

United States Depository

OFFICERS—John H. Nicholl, President; W.

E. Cole, Vice-President; W. Stairly, Cashier;

George Lee, Assistant Cashier.

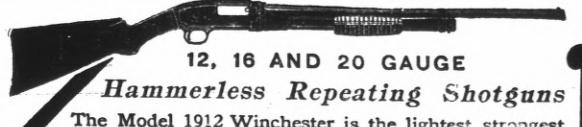
WE ISSUE BILLS OF EXCHANGE AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP

J. H. CHANDLER

Cor. Macdonald

WINCHESTER



The Model 1912 Winchester is the lightest, strongest and handsomest repeating shotgun on the market. Although light in weight, it has great strength, because its metal parts throughout are made of nickel steel. It is a two-part Take-down, without loose parts, is simple to operate and the action works with an ease and smoothness unknown in guns of other makes. See one at your dealer's or

Send to Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn., for circular.

THE LIGHT WEIGHT, NICKEL STEEL, REPEATER.

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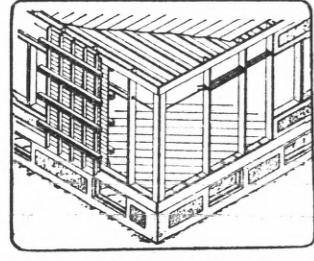
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Having and the Best Record in California.
FOR LEASE OR SALE 100 to 1000 acres of Rice
Bean, Vegetable and Grain Land, rice acreage
Good market; cheap water; cheap transpor-
tation. Terms 1/4 crop, or less for \$200 per acre. 5%
cash and the rest paid in 10 years.
C. H. BARLOW, 311 So. Broadway, Los Angeles.

AIL IN WALL CONSTRUCTION

Object of St. Paul Inventor is to Eliminate All Planes of Weakness and Permeability.

In speaking of the objects of an invention of A. F. Meyer of 1001 Germania building, St. Paul, Minn., the Scientific American says:

"Among the several important objects of this invention is the provision of a wall construction designed to eliminate all planes of weakness and permeability resulting from the deposition of concrete in successive horizontal layers and to make possible and



Wall Construction.

practicable the production of a pleasing and durable finish by means of brushing and washing the partially hardened concrete. Further, to provide a construction which embodies the assembling of a framework disclosing window openings and ordinary panels for the walls, the last being filled with concrete or other cast material, each panel being cast as an integral block."

To Breast In New Shape.
Always think of Allen—Food-Ease, a powder. It cuts hot, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures corns, ingrown nails & bunions. At all drug stores and shoe stores. **Don't accept any Substitute.** Sample free. **FREE Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.**

Old Scotch Church of Kelwining. One hundred years ago the remarkable steeple of Kelwining church, in Scotland, collapsed and fell to the ground, fortunately without injuring any person. For several centuries the Kelwining church, or abbey, had been regarded as one of the architectural gems of Scotland and its steeple was remarkable both for its height and its artistic design. The church dated back to about the middle of the twelfth century. In 1559 the edifice suffered considerable damage at the hands of zealous reformers, who, fired by the sermons of John Knox, plundered and laid in ruins many of the abbeys and monasteries throughout Scotland. These acts of vandalism formed a part of their campaign to supplant Roman Catholicism by Protestantism, which they finally succeeded in bringing about through an act of parliament passed in 1567.

Available Water Power. The geological survey has estimated the available water power of the United States from 35,000,000 to 65,000,000 horsepower, not including the power that could be conserved by reservoirs.

Purifies Blood With Telling Effect

Gives Conscious Evidence of Its Direct Action.



S. S. S. the famous blood purifier, almost takes as it sweeps its way through the circulation. Its action is so direct that very often in some forms of skin affliction the appearance of the eruptions changes over night, and sometimes are gone and recovery begins immediately.

As a matter of fact, there is one ingredient in S. S. S. which serves the active purpose of stimulating the body, and that is the body to the heart and judicious selection of its own essential nutriment. That is why it regenerates the blood supply; why it has such a tremendous influence in overcomes eczema, rash, pimples, and all skin afflictions.

And in regenerating the tissues S. S. S. has a rapid and positive antidiabetic effect upon all those irritating influences that cause the skin to become pale, yellowish, or brownish, and to become thin, pale cheeks, and that weariness of muscle and nerve that is generally experienced as spring fever. Get a bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store, and in a few days you will not only feel bright and energetic, but you will be the picture of new life. S. S. S. is prepared only in the laboratory of The Swift Scientific Health Products Company, who maintains a very efficient Medical Department, where all who have any blood disorder of a stubborn nature may write free for advice and special treatment. S. S. S. is sold everywhere by drug stores, department and general stores, but beware of all substitutes. Do not accept them.

ROPE AS STRONG AS STEEL

Manila Strands Together Equal a Solid Bar Weight for Weight—Efficiency of Leather.

On the flexible ropes suitable for power transmission a manila rope is just as strong as a solid steel bar, weight for weight, though only about 11½ per cent as strong per equal cross section, according to a writer in Power. Leather, on the other hand, is only about 5 per cent as strong as a steel bar of equal cross section and less than 40 per cent as strong per equal weight of material.

The relative efficiency of manila rope and leather belting for the transmission of power is not directly proportional to their respective strengths, however, as the internal construction of a hemp rope and a strip of leather differ greatly and vary differently by wear. Manila fibers, from which the rope is manufactured, are usually from eight to ten feet long, are composed of elongated cells that possess great strength longitudinally, but are comparatively weak transversely. Leather, on the other hand, is about equally strong in any direction, so that the wear on such a belt is mostly external. In a manila rope the wear is largely internal, the elongated fiber cells being crushed together when passing around a sheave and breaking up into short pieces. A worn-out manila rope, as far as its strength is concerned, may have the outward appearance of an excellent rope, while internally its construction is but a mass of short, broken particles. The allowable working stress of a good leather belt is customarily taken as 320 pounds per square inch, or about one-tenth its tensile strength.

Then came Friday. A track-boss, an old man, ran to the landing as we got off the cage. He wanted men to set timbers, for he thought the mine was getting a little worse. We took it because of the pay. And all that morning we worked where we were needed, and the job led us farther and farther from the shaft, and on and on toward the branch where the Dutchman's chamber was.

"At noon we stopped for a bite or so and a drink. I had five fried pork chops in my can and ate two of them;

"The Dutchman was in the middle of a story when the caving began.

"The fall came one after another, some near, some far away. The air blew on us this way and that, each time the rock came down. The floor shook and jarred with it. The noises were horrible. Our lights went out in the wind. We tried to run, and fell down, and lay waiting for the roof to drop and finish us. But it did not come.

"After a long time of quiet, my Dutchman got up, lit his lamp and filled his pipe. My lamp was empty, so I filled it from my oil-can, and lit it from his. The man who was a good Catholic and ate herring for Friday was on his feet before either of us, walking always softly for fear of jarring the roof with a noise. Finally he came back.

"The bottle's corked," says he in English.

"You know sure?" the Dutchman asked him.

"And he answered, "Sure."

"So that was all there was to it."

"We looked round ourselves, but there was no way out. Choosing what looked like a safe spot, we took up tines and rails, and got all our spare timbers and rails, and built a wall of ribs and propped around the place to make it sure. There was a drip of water in our wall that was not so strong of sulphur as most mine water, and the Dutchman said he could drink it if he had to. In that place we sat down to wait, and old Max smacked. I gave myself to my dinner-pail, not fearing till the herring-eater stopped me.

"Save what you can," says he. "There's tomorrow. Think of tomorrow." He said it in Polish, but the old Dutchman understood.

"So we sat for a long time, looking at each other and not saying much, and our lamps burned steadily, which is a bad sign.

"After a while Max made us put out two because the air was getting smoky.

"About five o'clock by my watch, the herring-eater stopped me somewhere. The herring-eater just took a chew of tobacco and said nothing.

"Long after, well on in the night, the young telegraphist had been sent after the war. But Mlle. Juliette Doué, thanks to the journalist, had substantial recognition while living and now her name is in large relief on a monument to a woman.

"Blow out your light like hell!" yelled the herring-eater to us. He always spoke English at work. "There'll be gas any minute."

"At this mine is Eddie gas," says Max, chewing on. "Why you scared?"

"We come from your own chamber," the Irishman told him. "The fall caught us there. We cut through where the old workings were walled up two cuts through a mortar wall in the dark. But the gas will follow us out by the hole we made."

"Old Max blew out the lamp. Then we were all in darkness. From that minute there was no more light up to the end, because though we had matches we had no safety-lamp."

"Then there came days and nights that were all one, because we could not light a match to look at our

THE LITTLE NIPPER

How in Time of Trouble Colliery Boy Proved Himself to Be Best Man of All.

By CASPAR DAY.

Marnek's boarding-house was the last of the row, and the November storm, swinging down the hill, struck it with full power. The wind howled around the corner and shook the door. Volleys of sleet rattled on the window panes. The boarders, fair, big men with sweeping blond mustaches, sat indoors and spoke with disapproval of the weather.

The kitchen was warm, and crowded. The card-players had grown tired, for it was nine o'clock, and their time-bombed pick lay on the table.

Marnek's six-year-old sat on Poul Lepka's knee. Now and then he rambled resolute square fits into his eyes. He must keep awake, for tonight Wescovage—the wise, splendid, experienced Wescovage, giver of bananas and pennies—had descended to tell him stories.

"And now another," Jossie demanded.

The boarders, thick-set Lithuanians, settled into their chairs in silent acquiescence.

"It was at the Buttonwood that this happened which I tell you. It was long ago, when I was young and did not care how I behaved.

"I was a laborer then. I worked for a Dutchman whose chamber was in the bottom of the way corner of the shaft, two miles from the shaft, a narrow block of coal that the company had just begun to mine, though there were old workings on both sides of us. There were only five chambers out that way in my time.

"Along in the fall, only the week before Thanksgiving day (Thanksgiving day), a sort of sickness took the rocks and the mine began to break and shone and squeeze. It went on for three days and nights. By the fourth day, many people took off their tools and sent word they were sick. All the men who worked in our part stayed away; only my Dutchman and I, for the money's sake, put off quitting.

"Time went on. The rocks got no better and no worse, so we grew used to the noises. We were 700 feet from the surface anyway, so there was no use in worrying; you could chuck your job, or you could put the danger out of your head altogether.

"It is one for all. Or it is all of us," says he, very wild and shaky.

"It won't be me, yet a while," says the Irishman. "Nor I don't think I'd fancy chewin' on Dutchy here, neither. He's nothin' but one big quid of tobacco."

"And I was sure in my own mind that it should not be myself, and the herring-eater was in no hurry to offer his own body.

"So we held on longer.

"But we were getting weak so we could not work much, and as we lay down to sleep in the safety-pen we were thinking, all thinking. At last we began to quarrel. The Dutchman and the herring-eater had knives.

"Look-a-here, Simon," says the little nippie, very nice and gay. "You got a wife and kids. I ain't got nobody but can get along without me. Quit fightin'. You can kill me. I'm tough. I used to work and fightin'. I guess it won't hurt much; I ain't scared, anyway."

"Then there followed a long time when nobody said anything; we listened to each other's breaths. All in a minute the herring-eater began to cry like a sick woman; an awful sound. He was very sorry for the boy, because the little chap was so good about it.

"Not today," says the Irishman. "We don't have to yet. One more day. I'll wind up my watch and let it run down; then it will be time enough."

"Sulfur yourself, Jim," says the nippie.

"And all that day he sang to us and cheered us up just as before. Only he did not talk any more about eating our next supper at home.

"Well, we worked that day, too, but we had not got much done since the first. It seemed years. But the time came when there were picks on the rock outside.

"They were far away, and we were very weak with hunger, and Jim's watch ran down. We pounded on the rails with a pick and the men outside pounded back, so we knew they would find us. But it might be a long time.

"The little nippie came again, and said that thing, and offered to be killed if we chose. The herring-eater talked about his wife, and his new house, and tried to take the youngster by the throat. He was crazy by that time. But we others pitched in and fought him and got the boy out of his hands. It was the kind of fighting there is no pleasure in.

"Well, they got to us that day. They found a way back through the old workings somewhere; it was quick cutting, when they began. So we went out to the shaft and up into the blue air after all, and got home in time to eat supper at the table.

"The nippie's mother was there at the gates, waiting for him as he got off the cage. Except that he walked slowly, he went home with her as it nothing was the matter.

"He never minded it, that boy. He was back in the Buttonwood as soon as there was any coal being mined.

"But every man that worked there knew the whole story. The Buttonwood men told it to outsiders, and those went away and told it to other towns. The courage of the miners was known everywhere in the hard coal.

"There was a meditative silence. None

where is courage more esteemed than by such judges as Marnek's boarders, men who knew the risks of the mines and value a high heart. Children, moreover, are regarded with an especial tenderness in the Lithuanian scheme of things.

"So we sat for a long time, looking at each other and not saying much, and our lamps burned steadily, which is a bad sign.

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"Then there came days and nights that were all one, because we could not light a match to look at our

watches. After we could not go hungry any longer, we ate some of the food from our pails. Next the pails were empty.

"Sometimes we slept, but never all at once. There was always some lonely one awake, thinking. Sometimes the nippie sang us songs he had picked up from going to shows and told stories and made jokes like a play-actor. He was always doing something to cheer us up. The Irishman was a brave man, and so was my old Dutchman. They were ready to take what came. But they were not as cool about it as the little nippie.

"They'll get us," he would say; "don't worry. We'll be eatin' supper at home tonight, maybe. They'll get us. There's lots of time; the air's pretty good, an' we got water. Hungry? Oh, well, we was all too slothy fat anyway."

"But the herring-eater had a wife and two babies at home, so his courage was unsettled. He would not tell stories or talk with the rest. He sat hours without moving or speaking. Other times he would get on his knees and pray. If he could have a light he would have been better. There was a chance that he would go crazy from thinking, but we could do nothing.

"Presently the caving stopped. We did not know how long we had been in, but it was a long time. We began to cut at the rocks with picks, preferring to take the risk of more caving rather than die doing nothing. Our strength was giving out; and then it was hard to do everything in the dark. We had three shifts. All of us were anxious to get out, turn, but when we got it we could not work long.

"Well, after a good while we were more hungry than we were afraid.

The herring-eater was the first to speak of it, but we all knew it was true.

"It is one for all. Or it is all of us," says he.

"It won't be me, yet a while," says the Irishman.

"Nor I don't think I'd fancy chewin' on Dutchy here, neither. He's nothin' but one big quid of tobacco."

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"Not today," says the

THE TERMINAL

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
Established in 1908.
Legal City and County Paper.

GEO. W. RYAN - Publisher and Editor

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One year \$12.00
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Entered as second-class matter June 22, 1903, at Richmond, California, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Legal notices must be paid for on or before delivery of affidavit of publication. No exception to this rule.

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"For the cause that lacks assistance,
Against the wrong that needs resistance,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that we can do."

Christmas 13 weeks away and "nothing stirring."

Like Mt. Lassen, that city hall question will smoke a little, between water elections.

Fredericks and Knowland are doing the campaign stunt together in northern California.

Abe Martin says: "Gittin' close to the producer has only resulted in our gittin' next t' him."

San Pablo, Richmond suburb, has a freak cat with web feet. This is a sure sign of a wet winter.

There is a man in Richmond who cannot get the "chemically pure" Sacramento water out of his system. Forget it.

It is said the water commission is preparing to "spring" another one on the people. But the people may get the first "spring."

The primary elections have taken all the enthusiasm out of the game. Very little excitement over the November contest.

The dynamite "find" in Contra Costa county, and the detective's stories connected therewith should be staged. These frameups are beginning to get on the people's nerves.

William E. Borah, U. S. senator from Idaho, will campaign in California for the republican ticket. He will probably make three or more speeches in the state.

The latest in war "news" is the picture of a German cruiser posing for a projectile to be fired from an English warship. You see what a "pull" the "movie" syndicate has.

"Don't forget about the poll tax amendment on the ballot when you vote November 3. It is No. 1. Vote to abolish this tax. California is one of the few states that levies this discriminating and unjust tax."

"Let's see, filtration? Yes, and chemically pure, bacilli, microbes, units, pumping plants, wooden pipe, Toland's Landing, boneheads, mutts, \$2,500,000, etc., etc., all forgotten. What next?" asked a north Richmond taxpayer who emerged from the tules.

James P. Arnold, late candidate for sheriff, is a good philosopher as well as a good loser. Jim has donned working clothes and resumed operations in the field of labor. This proves that the "string of defeat" was of short duration, and that Mr. Arnold has the push and recuperative powers—no matter how hard he was hit, to come up smiling. Success awaits men possessing these endowments.

Jack London and wife were the guests of the city officials and prominent citizens of Richmond yesterday. The author arrived at the Richmond waterfront in his sailing vessel, "The Snark," and was the drawing card for school children and others interested in the stories that London excels in. Hon. James D. Phelan in his speeches says the war will drive tourists to the United States and make the Panama-Pacific exposition a grand success.

THE TERMINAL'S NEW HOME.

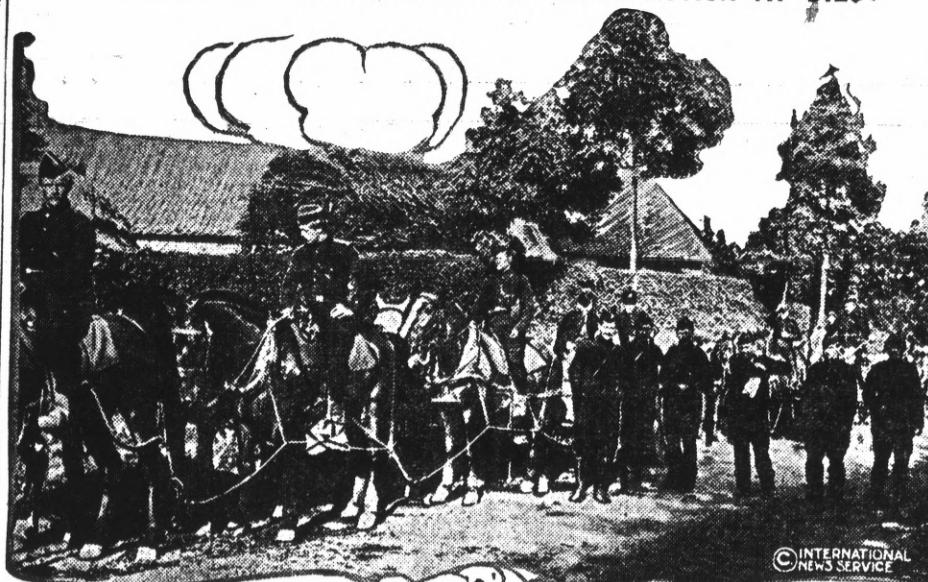
The Richmond Terminal's disaster by fire will be entirely overcome when the new building rises from the ruins of the old, which it is hoped will be in the near future. Owing to delay in adjustment of insurance on the old building and also on the equipment, much inconvenience was experienced by The Terminal, necessitating installing an auxiliary plant some distance from the old site. The Terminal was the first in Richmond and is here to stay, the people's newspaper, to boast for all, an upbuilder and worker for all improvements within season. Stand by and for the home newspaper that is working for your interest and welfare.

AMBITION BOY WOULD ENTER REFORM SCHOOL

Sacramento.—Because the public schools at Loomis do not provide for the teaching of industrial training, James Little, 13-year-old orphan in the seventh grade, has appealed to his teacher to send him to the reform school, that he might better himself. The teacher has written Miss Anna M. Nicholson, textbook expert of the State Board of Education, asking what procedure would be advisable in the boy's case.

Miss Nicholson knows of no way the boy could be admitted to such an institution unless he commits a crime, and she does not advise this procedure.

BELGIAN ARTILLERY ABOUT TO ENTER ACTION AT DIEST



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PRESIDENT FROWNS UPON DISTURBERS

Turkish Ambassador Refuses to Withdraw Remarks and Will Leave Washington

Washington.—President Wilson manifested to callers his displeasure over the recent utterances of some of the diplomats accredited to the United States from the belligerent governments. He mentioned no names and told inquiring newspaper men that he would make no comment, preferring that the discussion be conducted through the regular channels of the State Department.

Three published interviews in particular have given the American Government offense, one by the Turkish Ambassador, A. Rustem Bey; another by Sir Lionel Carden, the British Minister to Mexico, and the third attributed to Baron von Schoen, former secretary of the German Embassy at Tokio, but formally repudiated by him.

Whether other interviews have been taken up officially has not been divulged. The Turkish Ambassador was given an opportunity to withdraw his remarks, but he informed the President that he did not care to let the world know that the interview compared lynchings in the United States and "water cures" in the Philippines to acts which the Turkish people had committed in religious uprisings.

It was understood the administration would let it be known that the President would decline to receive diplomats who made comments which he considers obnoxious.

OPERATORS' DUTY IS TO END COAL STRIKE

President Says Trouble Ought to Be Settled on Federal Basis

Washington.—President Wilson told J. F. Welborn, president of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, that he believed it to be the duty of the operators in Colorado to accept the strike for the settlement of the strike proposed by Federal mediators. Mr. Welborn told the President that the operators objected to several points in the plan, but the President asked that they reconsider the question.

In answer to the objections of Mr. Welborn, the President declared he could not act as the umpire between the operators and the miners and he felt it the duty of the operators to accept the plan already adopted by the miners.

Mr. Welborn presented an alternative plan for the solution of the strike trouble, but the President refused to consider it, saying that he did not believe a compromise possible. The President declared that the public interests demanded the end of the strike and that it was the patriotic duty of the mine operators to accept the proposal.

Mr. Welborn declared after his interview with the President that the question was still open and that he would immediately report the result of his talk to the other operators.

Binoculars Reveal Pirates. When John Ball, steward of the schooner Eagle Wing, at anchor in the Delaware river, off Cooper's Point, Philadelphia, stood on the wharf and swept the river with his binoculars to pick out his vessel he discovered river pirates at work stripping her.

He appealed to the police tug and that craft hurried to the side of the schooner. Half a dozen men who were in a launch alongside the Eagle Wing fled, but Henry Sels, who was aboard the vessel, was arrested and locked up.

Sels is charged with disposing of the schooner's property to the pirates. He declared himself to be one of the crew, and contended that the goods were his own. The steward, however, told the police he had never seen the man before and insisted upon his arrest.

HOPES TO AVERT WAR IN MEXICO

Administration Uses Influence to Adjust Differences Between Villa and Carranza

Washington.—Hope that Generals Carranza and Villa would peacefully adjust their differences and avoid a second revolution was expressed by high administration officials.

President Wilson has made it plain to both men through his personal representative, Paul Fuller, that the United States would look with disfavor on a continuance of fighting in Mexico. There was confidence among high officials that the advice recently given would not go unheeded.

In the meantime the Washington Government will take no steps to interfere in the quarrel and will patiently await the course of developments. For the present, no change will be made in the plan of evacuating Vera Cruz, though no date has been fixed.

President Wilson is understood to take the position that Carranza and Villa must settle their differences without interference from the United States soon of his own initiative on leave of absence. His interview compared lynchings in the United States and "water cures" in the Philippines to acts which the Turkish people had committed in religious uprisings.

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Senate Sheppard as a means of meeting the "enormous strain put on the Federal Treasury by the war in Europe."

Cincinnati.—At a meeting of business men at the Chamber of Commerce here a movement was set on foot to buy 100,000 bales of cotton at \$50 a bale.

New Orleans.—The illness of Mrs. Helene Schuler was diagnosed as bubonic plague. This is the twenty-eighth case reported since the malady was discovered.

Washington.—The administration bill providing for a Federal system of leasing public lands containing coal, oil, phosphate, potassium and sodium, passed the House.

New York.—There has not been a passenger killed in a train accident on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad since February 1, 1911, a period of over three and a half years.

Constantinople via London.—Eight hundred houses in the Jewish quarters of Haskoul, on the Golden Horn, were destroyed by fire. Three thousand Jews are homeless and in great distress.

Austin (Tex).—A special session of the Texas Legislature considered the establishment of a Central Bank of Texas with \$20,000,000. The object is to provide an institution which will loan money on crops.

Pearl, Ill.—San Francisco was chosen as the meeting place for the 1915 convention of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Workers at the annual convention of that organization here.

Peking.—The Chinese Government has replied to the protest of Germany against the landing of Japanese troops in Chink, disclaiming responsibility for violation of her neutrality, which she says is unable to defend.

Washington.—Secretary Daniels ordered the Marecon wireless station at Siasconset, Mass., closed in consequence of the failure of the company to give assurance that it would comply with naval censorship regulations.

Paris.—The war census of Paris is complete. The population is now 1,017,044, a decrease of 1,026,307 from normal figures. There are in Paris now 949,087 men, 585,486 men and 272,471 children, of whom 30,096 are under 15 months old.

London.—Despite the watchfulness of the German authorities, says a dispatch from Copenhagen to the London Evening News, Syndicalist posters proclaiming "We Want Peace; Down with the Kaiser" are appearing on the walls of buildings in Berlin.

Washington.—A joint resolution directing the President to invite the nations of the world to participate in the International Congress of Education, which will be held in Oakland August 16 and 17, during the exposition, was introduced by Senator Perkins.

Washington.—Reduction of salaries of Government officials, including Senators, Representatives, Army and Navy officers and the President himself was proposed in a resolution by

WEEK'S EVENTS IN BRIEF PARAGRAPHS

News From All Over the World Prepared in Pithy Form for Busy Readers

Buenos Aires.—The Senate approved unanimously the arbitration treaty with France.

Paris.—A son of Field Marshall Count von Moltke has been killed in the fighting at Esterny.

Venice.—Nine cases of Asiatic cholera have been discovered among wounded soldiers in Hungary.

Washington.—Frederic Jesup Stimson, lawyer, novelist and professor at Harvard University, will be the first ambassador to Argentina.

Reno.—Jesse Root Grant, President Grant's son, failed in an attempt to set aside the Nevada court's refusal to grant a divorce to him.

Sioux City, Ia.—Patrick Green and Patrick Duggan, farmers, were killed when a passenger train struck a motor car thirteen miles southeast of here.

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London.—The racing yacht Gertrude, owned by Lieutenant Dr. Gustav Krupp von Bohlen und Halbach, head of the Krupp Gun Works of Germany, has been ordered detained by the British prize court. The yacht was sent to England to participate in the Cowes regatta.

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